

英語リスニング

注意

1. 問題は全部で13ページである。
2. 解答用紙に氏名・受験番号を忘れずに記入すること。(ただし、マーク・シートにはあらかじめ受験番号がプリントされている。)
3. 解答はすべて解答用紙に記入すること。
4. メモは自由にとってよいが、この問題用紙を利用すること。
5. 解答用紙は必ず提出のこと。この問題冊子は提出する必要はない。

マーク・シート記入上の注意

1. 解答用紙はマーク・シートになっている。**HB**の黒鉛筆またはシャープペンシルを用いて記入すること。
2. 解答用紙にあらかじめプリントされた受験番号を確認すること。
3. 解答する記号の○を塗りつぶしなさい。○で囲んだり×をつけたりしてはいけない。

解答記入例(解答がイのとき)



4. 一度記入したマークを消す場合は、消しゴムでよく消すこと。×をつけても消したことになる。
5. 解答用紙をよごしたり、折り曲げたりしないこと。

LISTENING COMPREHENSION TEST

In this listening comprehension test, you will have the chance to show how well you understand spoken English. There are six sections in this test and each section has its own special directions.

SECTION I

In the first section, you will hear ten sentences. They will not be written in your test book. You will hear each sentence just one time. In your test book, you will see four sentences marked a, b, c, and d. Choose one sentence that is closest in meaning to each sentence you hear and mark it on your answer sheet.

1. (a) I can't understand that book.
(b) I have read that book already.
(c) That book is too expensive for me.
(d) That book is not interesting.

2. (a) You two got along right from the start.
(b) The two of you sent it out in no time.
(c) You both soon got into an argument.
(d) The two of you went at it so quickly.

3. (a) My flight leaves at 09:45.
(b) My flight leaves at 10:00.
(c) My flight leaves at 10:10.
(d) My flight leaves at 10:15.

4. (a) I wouldn't mind trying to bungee jump, but I might throw up.
(b) Before bungee jumping, I was advised to have chicken for lunch.
(c) I may actually lose my courage to bungee jump before doing so.
(d) I know I would take to bungee jumping very naturally.
5. (a) I am bored of my uncle.
(b) I am so boring.
(c) I can't stand being so boring.
(d) My uncle is very bored.
6. (a) That man often finds praise fishy.
(b) That man continuously looks for praise.
(c) That man invariably praises himself.
(d) That man never stops praising his colleagues.
7. (a) Disease is still a problem.
(b) Hunger is still a problem.
(c) Pollution is still a problem.
(d) War is still a problem.
8. (a) I'll stop doing it in a moment.
(b) I will cook it very quickly.
(c) I'll break it in no time.
(d) I can come by for a short period.
9. (a) Mom is busy outside playing with the children.
(b) Mom is doing some gardening.
(c) Mom is outside hanging laundry out.
(d) Mom is preparing a barbecue.

10. (a) If you ask me, that book's worth every cent.
(b) Trust me, that book's a waste of time.
(c) Believe me, that book's truly invaluable.
(d) The book was stolen before I ever got to read it.

SECTION II

In this section, you will hear two talks. They are not written in your test book. You will hear each talk one time. After each talk, you will hear five sentences about each talk. They are incomplete sentences. Each sentence is spoken just one time, and it is not written in your test book. In the test book, you will read four phrases marked a, b, c, and d for each incomplete sentence. Choose the phrase that best completes the sentence and mark it on your answer sheet.

Talk 1 Sentences

11. (a) a tear-jerker.
(b) a fictional tale.
(c) a mystery.
(d) an autobiography.
12. (a) an accident at Shibuya station.
(b) his owner moving out of Tokyo.
(c) a strike at the University of Tokyo.
(d) the death of his owner.

13. (a) in an attempt to escape from his exhausting day.
(b) to try to catch the train to his new home.
(c) at the exact time Professor Ueno's train was expected to arrive.
(d) to beg for food from all the commuters.
14. (a) he was actually discovered and finally brought home.
(b) his former owner also showed up.
(c) he himself made an appearance at the unveiling.
(d) it unfortunately looked nothing like him at all.
15. (a) the National Science Museum of Japan holds a special exhibition.
(b) several articles are published about him in his hometown.
(c) a special ceremony in honor of him is held at Shibuya station.
(d) dog lovers around the world feature him in various TV shows.

Talk 2 Sentences

16. (a) for 6 months.
(b) for one year.
(c) for two years.
(d) until the beginning of the summer holiday.
17. (a) by asking their professors.
(b) during group discussions with British students.
(c) in the department's magazine.
(d) on the department's homepage.

18. (a) classes are in large groups of 50 students.
(b) classes take place during the summer vacation.
(c) students do not need to pay for these classes.
(d) classes are taught by professors from the Education Faculty.
19. (a) a large concert hall.
(b) Buckingham Palace.
(c) the British Museum.
(d) the 2012 Olympics.
20. (a) come to a meeting next year to help advise the new students.
(b) recommend this British university when they return home.
(c) use today's meeting as a chance to ask professors for advice.
(d) use today's meeting as a chance to help each other.

SECTION III

In this section, you will hear four short news stories. They will not be written in your test book. You will hear each story just one time. Each story is followed by two questions. The questions are not written in your test book. You will hear each question just one time. In your test book, you will read four answers marked a, b, c, and d for each question. Choose the best answer and mark it on your answer sheet.

News Story 1 Questions

21. (a) A new law lifting the ban on smoking in areas with children.
(b) A ban on smoking in public places where children play.
(c) The prohibition of smoking in private vehicles with children.
(d) A new bill to prevent children from ever smoking.
22. (a) The law in question is to be enacted in the following year.
(b) The ban was rejected by an extremely narrow margin.
(c) The Secretary of State was required to abstain from the vote.
(d) The bill requires further consideration by the House of Commons.

News Story 2 Questions

23. (a) The fact that food allergies are never dangerous.
(b) An increase in the number of child fatalities.
(c) An estimate of food allergies across the world.
(d) The prevalence of food allergies in American children.
24. (a) Peanuts and milk are common sources of allergies in children.
(b) The doctor insists that food allergies are not a serious health issue.
(c) Around six million American children suffer from food allergies.
(d) Food allergies affect two times more children than previously estimated.

News Story 3 Questions

25. (a) The Economic Downturn and its Strong Effect on Crime
(b) U.S. Crime Rate Drops despite the Economic Recession
(c) Soaring Unemployment and its Relationship to Crime
(d) Poverty behind Juvenile Delinquency in the U.S.
26. (a) That poverty often causes people to commit crimes.
(b) That the economic downturn has had little effect on crime.
(c) That cell phones have contributed to a decrease in crimes.
(d) That government crackdowns are effective in reducing crime.

News Story 4 Questions

27. (a) The 2011 Women's World Cup.
(b) A new record in tweeting.
(c) A gold medal for Japan.
(d) Social networking in Japan.
28. (a) That the Japanese are becoming more interested in the news.
(b) That recently the use of Twitter has really taken off in Japan.
(c) That more and more Japanese women are playing soccer.
(d) That more Japanese watched the Women's World Cup than the Royal Wedding.

SECTION IV

In this section, you will hear two conversations. They will not be written in your test book. You will hear each conversation one time. After each conversation, you will hear five questions. Each question is asked just one time, and it is not written in your test book. In your test book, you will see four answers marked a, b, c, and d for each question. Choose the best answer to each question and mark it on your answer sheet.

Conversation 1 Questions

29. (a) Since she was informed that there was a strict dress code.
(b) Because she wasn't sure how to decline the invitation.
(c) Since she had never been to the Hamptons before.
(d) Because she wasn't sure of the etiquette for dinner guests.
30. (a) Treat those at a party like you've never treated anyone before.
(b) Act at a party as you would want someone to act at your party.
(c) Always look your best and never forget to bring a gift.
(d) Carry on no differently at a party than you would at home.
31. (a) Since they can be sent beforehand which makes you look good.
(b) Because everyone, no matter who they are, loves to get them.
(c) Since her grandmother always loved receiving them herself.
(d) Because they're inexpensive but they hardly ever look cheap.

32. (a) To either leave it at home or hide it when at a formal function.
(b) That giving your phone more attention than your friends was rude.
(c) That there is never a call urgent enough to respond to when at a party.
(d) To have it around only if a family member is near death or having a baby.
33. (a) She disagreed, but still thanked her for it.
(b) She was in total agreement with it.
(c) She was surprised that she herself hadn't thought of it.
(d) She thought she'd get invited back that way.

Conversation 2 Questions

34. (a) To complain about the medical teaching staff.
(b) To get advice about how to study medicine more effectively.
(c) To praise the medical teaching staff.
(d) To quit his studies.
35. (a) That he has never had the chance to talk to them personally.
(b) That no one can understand their lectures.
(c) That they are friendly and easy to talk to.
(d) That they are not very professional.
36. (a) Every medical student suffers from stress at some time or other.
(b) It is an extremely demanding subject to study.
(c) Other universities have easy medical courses.
(d) The teaching staff at this university has a bad reputation.

37. (a) Information about easy medical courses.
(b) Information about how to lower his stress.
(c) Information about medical books.
(d) Information about university fees.
38. (a) The student agrees to pay his fees to the university secretary.
(b) The student borrows some good medical books from him.
(c) The student receives no concrete advice about his future university studies.
(d) The student decides to change to an easy medical faculty to graduate as a doctor.

SECTION V

In this section, you will hear four short passages. They will not be written in your test book. You will hear each passage just one time. Each passage is followed by two questions. Each question is spoken just one time, and it is not written in your test book. In your test book, you will read four answers marked a, b, c, and d for each question. Choose the best answer and mark it on your answer sheet.

Passage 1 Questions

39. (a) A film star.
(b) A doctor.
(c) A soccer player.
(d) A basketball player.

40. (a) A soccer club.
(b) A movie theater.
(c) A statue.
(d) A hospital.

Passage 2 Questions

41. (a) The United States.
(b) Japan.
(c) China.
(d) France.
42. (a) In the 21st century.
(b) In the 20th century.
(c) In the 19th century.
(d) In the 18th century.

Passage 3 Questions

43. (a) Anpanman.
(b) Doraemon.
(c) Cinnamoroll.
(d) Hello Kitty.
44. (a) Coin purses.
(b) Cartoons.
(c) Trademarks.
(d) Silk prints.

Passage 4 Questions

45. (a) That only a few of the auditorium's students are Japanese.
(b) That the debate is conducted primarily in English.
(c) That the Asian students monopolize the discussion.
(d) That the TV camera fails to zoom in on the Asian students.
46. (a) 1980.
(b) 1994.
(c) 1997.
(d) 2008.

SECTION VI

In the last section of this test, you will hear a radio interview. The interview will not be written in your test book. You will hear the interview one time. In your test book, you will see nine sentences numbered (47)~(55). Read each of them carefully. If the sentence is true according to the interview, mark your answer sheet T. If it is not true, mark F.

47. Across the globe, approximately 20 percent of children are being raised bilingually.
48. The Szentkiralyis are raising their U.S.-born children to speak both Hungarian and English.
49. Everyone in the U.S. is supportive of raising children to be bilingual.

50. Exposing children to two languages from birth often causes them a lot of confusion.
51. When a bilingual person speaks, both languages are active in the brain at the same time.
52. Both bilinguals and monolinguals have to keep two languages separate in their brains.
53. Bilingual use of language is compared to tuning into a radio or TV signal.
54. Being bilingual appears to delay the onset of dementia, a state of mental deterioration.
55. Some research suggests that bilingualism may cause some parts of the brain to be remodeled.

This is the end of the listening test. Please use the remainder of your time to answer the last section and to check your answers in previous sections.

